Study on the Current Situation of Information Security in Cambodia

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Needs of Information Security

 Use of the Internet is essential and indispensable for any business nowadays; businesses need international connections in any case

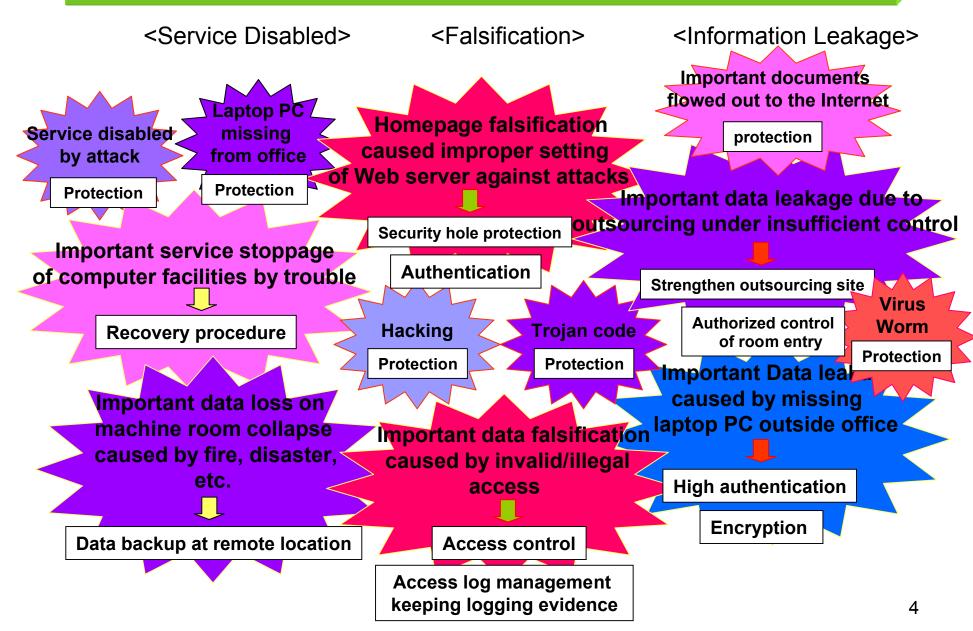
An example of Lack of Information Security

- Technical knowledge of protective measures is poor
- No suitable protection tools are installed for computer systems
- Reinstallation of operating system is only way of recovery when attacked
- Firewall and basic physical environment security are not installed in all servers

Measures for Information Security

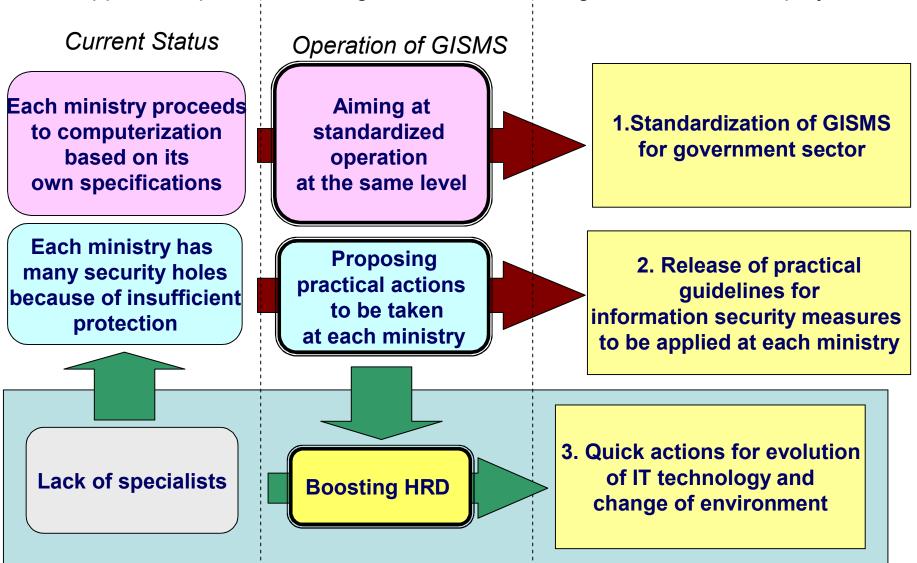
- Minimum basic information security shall be required for any office
- International standard for information security shall be introduced to important offices like headquarters where high grade information security in necessary
- To strengthen technical support for information security systems

Threats to Government Computer Systems (Needs of Measures)



Purpose of Government Information Security Measures Standard

• Building up Government Information Security Measures Standard (GISMS) to support computerization of government, including e-Government deployment



Applicable References

- ISO/IEC 27001 is a good reference for building information security system for any organization
- Government Information Security
 Measures Standard (GISMS) in Japan is
 also available; version 3 of it will be
 released soon

ISO/IEC 27001

- Based on the best practices
 - Accumulation of good practices and knowledge of information security
 - Ease of adoption of ISO/IEC27001 to any organization because of its applicability of tasks stipulated
 - Continuous revision

Function of ISO/IEC 27001 standard

- Process-based
 - Applicable regardless of organization's structure
 - Applicable regardless of organization's size and/or nature
- PDCA approach
 - Plan/Do/Check/Action
 - Step by step and spiral evolution

How to Keep up Information Security with ISO/IEC 27001

Two kinds of approach are indicated in ISO/IEC 27001, i.e.,

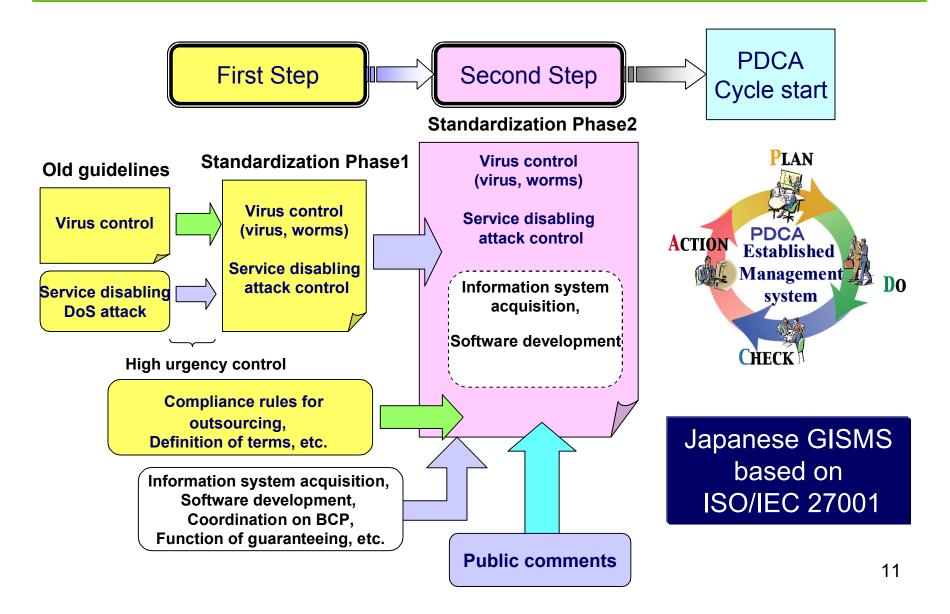
- Baseline approach
 - Wide control coverage and rich categorization
 - 133 controls in 11 categories
- Risk analysis approach
 - Listing of almost all the organizational important assets
 - Risk analysis of life time of each asset
 - Controls to protect from risks

ISO 27001: Controls of Information Security Standard

133 controls in 11 categories defined in ISO 27001 as Information Security Standard.

Order	No.	Name of Category	No. of Controls
1	A 5	Security policy	2
2	A6	Organization of information security	11
3	A7	Asset management	5
4	A8	Human resources security	9
5	A9	Physical and environmental security	13
6	A10	Communications and management	32
7	A11	Access control	25
8	A12	Information systems acquisition, development and maintenance	16
9	A13	Information security incident management	5
10	A14	Business continuity management	5
11	A15	Compliance	10

Progressive GISMS in Case of Japan



Targets of Information Security in Cambodia

<u>Priority</u> <u>Sector</u>

- 1. Government
- 2. Life line Enterprises
- 3. General Enterprises and others
- 4. Individuals

Steps in the Government

 Categorization of organizations from the viewpoint of a need of information security:

Group A: Organizations that need highest security

Group B: Organizations that need higher security

Group C: Organizations that need high security

Hierarchy of offices

Headquarters

Branches

Local offices

NiDA's Mission on GISMS

- Build Information Security Measure Standard, i.e. GISMS, at government, and then enterprises
- Control and maintain GISMS
- Lead Cambodia to better business environment though high awareness of information security, which is the pledge of FDI today

Make it sure of your information security – The rotten apple injures its neighbors!

Thank you for working with us today!